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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/681,565	10/08/2003	Michael A. Guillorn	UBAT1360-2	9447
38396	7590 11/03/2005		EXAMINER	
JOHN BRUCKNER, P.C. 5708 BACK BAY LANE		POMPEY, RON EVERETT		
AUSTIN, TX	•		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
. •			2812	

DATE MAILED: 11/03/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

					N		
	A	Application No.	Applica	nt(s)	7		
	10/681,565	GUILLO	RN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary		xaminer	Art Unit	:			
	F	Ron E. Pompey	2812	•			
The MAILING DATE of this of			with the correspon	dence address			
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM - Extensions of time may be available under the after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date or - If NO period for reply is specified above, the m - Failure to reply within the set or extended perion - Any reply received by the Office later than thre earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 19	THE MAILING DAT provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a i this communication. aximum statutory period will a do for reply will, by statute, cal e months after the mailing da	E OF THIS COMMUI i). In no event, however, may upply and will expire SIX (6) M use the application to become	NICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing of ABANDONED (35 U.S.C.)	date of this communication			
Status							
1) Responsive to communication	on(s) filed on 08 Augu	ust 2005					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL.		ction is non-final.					
<u>'</u>	•—		atters, prosecution	as to the merits is	;		
	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9,10 and 19-29</u> is/a	re pending in the app	olication.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) 19							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowe							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9 and 10</u> is/are reje	cted.						
7) Claim(s) is/are object	ed to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject t	o restriction and/or e	lection requirement.					
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected	to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on	_ is/are: a)□ accept	ted or b) objected	to by the Examiner	•			
Applicant may not request that a	any objection to the dra	wing(s) be held in abey	ance. See 37 CFR	1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s)	ncluding the correction	is required if the drawi	ng(s) is objected to.	See 37 CFR 1.121(d	d).		
11)☐ The oath or declaration is obj	ected to by the Exan	niner. Note the attach	ed Office Action o	r form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a) All b) Some * c) No		iority under 35 U.S.C	. § 119(a)-(d) or (f)).			
1. Certified copies of the	priority documents h	ave been received.					
2. Certified copies of the	priority documents h	ave been received in	Application No	·			
3. Copies of the certified	copies of the priority	documents have be	en received in this	National Stage			
application from the In	ternational Bureau (F	PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Offi	ce action for a list of	the certified copies n	ot received.				
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) 🕅 Interview	w Summary (PTO-413)				
2) 🔲 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing I		Paper N	o(s)/Mail Date				
3) X Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTC Paper No(s)/Mail Date	0-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Other: _	of Informal Patent Appli 	cation (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Newly amended and submitted claims 19-29 are directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed for the following reasons: the method claims drawn to the process to form a gated field emission device was elected for prosecution and therefore the product claims drawn to gated field emission device will not be addressed

Since applicant has received an action on the merits for the originally presented invention, this invention has been constructively elected by original presentation for prosecution on the merits. Accordingly, claims 19-29 are withdrawn from consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 9 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Choi et al. (US 6,472,802) in further view of Spindt (US 5,235,244).

Spindt discloses the limitations of:

vertically aligned carbon nanostructure (13, fig. 2B) coupled to a substrate;

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covering at least a portion of vertically aligned carbon nanostructure with a dielectric (14, fig. 2C);

a gate (15, fig. 2C) coupled to the dielectric; and an aperture (fig. 2E) in the gate and removing a portion (fig. 2F) of the dielectric; gate aperture substantially aligned with the vertically aligned carbon nanostructure (col. 4, Ins. 16-43).

Choi does not disclose the claimed limitation(s) of:

another dielectric coupled to the gate;

a focusing electrode coupled to the another dielectric, the focusing electrode including another aperture substantially aligned with the vertically aligned carbon nanostructure; and

dielectric, gate, another dielectric and another aperture define a well that circumscribes the vertically aligned carbon nanostructure.

However,

a. Spindt discloses the above claimed limitations regarding:

A dielectric (20, fig. 1), gate (18, fig. 1), another dielectric (32, fig. 1) and another aperture in a focusing electrode (34, fig. 1) to define a well that circumscribes the vertically aligned cathode (12, fig. 1) in column(s) 1, line(s) 53 - column(s) 2, line(s) 5.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine Choi with Spindt, because another aperture in a focusing electrode allows for elimination of crosstalk between pixels of the device. Also,

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because Choi and Spindt form displays with the field emission devices it would be inherent that the displays will include IC and circuit boards.

Claims 9-10 and 19-21 are considered to be product by process claims and only the structure limitations will be used to determine the patentably of the claims: a "product by process" claim is directed to the product per se, no matter how actually made. In re Hirao, 190 USPQ 15 at 17(footnote 3). See also in re Brown, 173 USPQ 685: In re Luck, 177 USPQ 523; In re Fessmann, 180 USPQ 324: In re Avery, 186 USPQ 116 in re Wertheim, 191 USPQ 90 (209 USPQ 254 does not deal with this issue); and In re Marosi et al, 218 USPQ 289 final product per se which must be determined in a "product by, all of" claim, and not the patentability of the process, and that an old or obvious product, whether claimed in "product by process" claims or not. Note that Applicant has the burden of proof in such cases, as the above case law makes clear. "Even though product-by- process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based upon the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in product-byprocess claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product is made by a different process." In re-Thorpe, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985) (citations omitted).

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed 8-08-05, pertaining to claims 9-10, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The applicant argues that Spindt ('244) does not disclose or suggest a substantially vertically aligned carbon nanostructure and

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teaches away from the claimed focusing electrode, page 8, 3rd paragraph of remarks received 8-08-05. However, first Spindt is not used to disclose the formation of a substantially vertically aligned carbon nanostructure, Choi ('802) discloses that. Second, the prior art, described in Spindt is what is being used for the rejection so, therefore Spindt might teach away from using the focusing layer, but the prior art shows using the focusing layer. Therefore since applicant has not argued with the reasons given in the rejection to combine Choi and Spindt the rejection is still valid.

Conclusion

2. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ron E. Pompey whose telephone number is (571) 272-1680. The examiner can normally be reached on compressed.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael S. Lebentritt can be reached on (571) 272-1873. The fax phone

number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-

273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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October 28, 2005

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